



# Statistical and Analytical Methods Curriculum Guide 2014

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Engineering Statistics and Data Analysis	3
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Mixture DOE	1
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# About Thomas A. Little Consulting

Thomas A. Little Consulting (TLC) is an internationally recognized scientific and engineering consulting firm with a proven record for achieving results. TLC has an extensive SAS/JMP based curriculum for product and process development, data analysis, characterization, optimization and control. TLC is a strategic partner of SAS/JMP.

TLC offers specific courses in analytics, data analysis, design of experiments, performance modeling, statistical process control, assay development and method validation, measurement systems analysis, mixture design of experiments, quality risk management and failure modes and effects analysis. These courses are used by a variety of fortune 500 companies to train their scientists and engineers. TLC has extensive experience in the biotechnology, pharmaceutical and medical device industries and have trained over 80,000 scientists, engineers and business professionals globally.

Thomas A. Little has consultants located in the United States and globally and offers training in English and Mandarin. <u>www.dr-tom.com</u>



12401 North Wildflower Lane Highland, UT 84003 1-925-285-1847 drlittle@dr-tom.com Website: www.dr-tom.com

**Recommended Software Tools** 



*JMP* version 11 is a world-class analytical engine for general data visualization and analysis, problem solving and design of experiments. *JMP*, a business unit of SAS, is a strategic business partner of TLC and a preferred solution for statistical and analytical methods. <u>www.jmp.com</u>



Although TLC prefers the use of SAS/JMP for engineering and business performance application work, TLC will support the training and deployment of Minitab as an analytical engine alternative on a limited basis and for select clients. <u>www.minitab.com</u>



# **Engineering Statistics and Data Analysis**

# ESDA

### **Course Description**

ESDA is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Areas of focus include: JMP basics, analysis of data for basic engineering and scientific applications including statistics, distribution analysis, capability assessment, variation analysis, comparison tests, sample size selection, hypothesis testing, confidence intervals and multiple factor modeling. Presentation of the course material is designed for 24 hours of instruction.

### Attendees

ESDA is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

#### Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for this course.

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Use data to solve engineering and scientific problems.
- 2. Understand the ideas associated with sampling and data collection.
- 3. Demonstrate the ability to evaluate distributions.
- 4. Select appropriate sample sizes for performance evaluation.
- 5. Conduct comparative tests using data.
- 6. Use regression techniques in order to analyze data and make process/product improvements.
- 7. Select appropriate analysis technique based on type of data.
- 8. Apply JMP to data analysis problems.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

#### Section I Introduction to JMP

Table commands Column commands Row commands Subset commands Saving Scripts, Journals and Projects

# Section II Statistics Foundations & Distribution Analysis

Measures of center and spread

Standard error and central limit theorem Normal distribution t distribution and confidence intervals Test for normality Individuals and tolerance intervals (normal) Process capability (normal) Nonnormal distribution fitting and process capability

### Section III Nominal X, Continuous Y

Contour plots, Components of Variance, REML and POV Sample size for the mean and standard deviation t test – one sample t test – two sample Test for differences in variances t test – paired One-way ANOVA and F test N-way ANOVA Nonparametric data analysis (optional)

# Section IV Continuous X, Continuous Y

Simple linear regression, correlation Multiple regression ANCOVA

# Section V Nominal X, Nominal Y

Mean and sigma for proportion defective Sample size and statistical tests for proportion defective Mean and sigma for defect per unit Chi-square test for defects and proportion defective Pareto graphs and cross tabs analysis

# Section VI Continuous X, Nominal Y and Partition

Logistic regression Nominal logistic regression (optional) Recursive partitioning

# Section VII Nonlinear Modeling

Nonlinear modeling



# **Design of Experiments**

# DOE

### **Course Description**

Design of Experiments is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Instruction covers both basic and advanced concepts for the design and analysis of experiments. Presentation of the course material is designed for 16 hours of instruction.

### Attendees

Design of Experiments is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

## Prerequisites

Engineering Statistics and Data Analysis is a recommended prerequisite for this course.

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Select factors and responses for experiments.
- 2. Design experiments appropriate for the information of interest.
- 3. Use and apply the structures of orthogonal arrays for product and process development and problem solving.
- 4. Ensure the experimental design is efficient.
- 5. Use regression techniques in order to analyze the results and make process/product improvements.
- 6. Use JMP software to design and analyze experiments.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

Section I Introduction to DOE

Section II Experimental Preparation

Section III Full Factorial Designs

Section IV Screening Designs Augment design

Section V Custom Designs

Generating custom designs Evaluating custom designs Analysis of custom designs Simulation for full distribution modeling Strategies to minimize experimental size Adding covariate and uncontrolled factors Life or repeated measures experiments Disallowed combinations (nested DOEs) Split Plot designs Adding dummy variables Blocking designs Mixtures in custom designs Setting constraints in a DOE

# Section VI Response Surface Designs

# Section VII Special Topics In DOE (optional)

Supersaturated designs Strip plot designs



# **Mixture Design of Experiments**

## MDOE

### **Course Description**

Mixture Design of Experiments is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Instruction covers all aspects of mixture design including pre-DOE, simplex lattice, centroid, screening and custom mixture designs. Presentation of the course material is designed for 8 hours of instruction.

### Attendees

Mixture Design of Experiments is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

#### Prerequisites

Engineering Statistics and Data Analysis and Design of Experiments are recommended prerequisites for this course.

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Apply the principles of robust design to Mixture Experiments.
- 2. Design mixture experiments appropriate for the information of interest.
- 3. Use and apply the structures of simplex and optimal designs for product and process development and problem solving.
- 4. Ensure the mixture design is efficient.
- 5. Use regression techniques in order to analyze the results and make process/product improvements.
- 6. Use JMP software to design and analyze experiments.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

Section I	Introduction and Two Factor Mixture Designs
	Experimental preparation and pre-DOE
	Two Factor Mixture Designs
Section II	Simplex Lattice Designs
Section III	Simplex Centroid and ABCD Screening Designs
	Simplex Centroid
	ABCD Screening Designs
Section IV	Extreme Vertices Designs
Section V	Optimal Designs
Section VI	Custom Design



# Robust Optimization and Tolerance Design

## ROTD

# **Course Description**

ROTD is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Robust Optimization and Tolerance Design presents the methods and practices associated with designing and optimizing products and processes and to discuss tolerance design methods to protect product quality and clinical benefits. Presentation of the course material is designed for 16 hours of instruction.

#### Attendees

Robust Optimization and Tolerance Design is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

#### Prerequisites

Engineering Statistics and Data Analysis and Design of Experiments are recommended prerequisites for this course.

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Learn and apply the principles of robust product design.
- 2. Design experiments appropriate for the information of interest.
- 3. Use and apply the structures of orthogonal arrays for product and process development and problem solving.
- 4. Ensure the experimental design is efficient.
- 5. Use regression techniques in order to analyze the results and make process/product improvements.
- 6. Optimize the response at its most robust condition.
- 7. Tolerance the factors and responses.
- 8. Use JMP software to design and analyze experiments.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

# Section I Distribution and tolerance design foundations

System, parameter and tolerance design Tolerance design methods

#### Section II DOE review and robust design principles Eight robust design principles

# Section III DOE using custom designs

Custom designs Strategies to minimize experimental size Adding covariate and uncontrolled factors Special topics for custom designs (optional) Blocking designs Setting constraints in the design

# Section IV Robust optimization methods

Tighten the tolerance of X Design to the flats Use interactions to tune out sensitivities Use parameter combinations

#### Section V Tolerance design and margin analysis

Tolerance design procedure Tolerance stack up analysis



# Measurement Systems Analysis

### MSA

#### **Course Description and Audience:**

Measurement Systems Analysis is designed for Engineers, Scientists and Managers who have direct responsibility for measurement evaluation, selection and control. This course covers the basic concepts associated with measurement systems analysis, repeatability, reproducibility, accuracy, linearity, stability, standards selection and use, calibration and compensation and measurement control.

#### **Course Objectives:**

As a result of the course the participant will be able to:

- 1. Determine gage capability.
- 2. Assess accuracy, linearity, stability, repeatability and reproducibility in test equipment.
- 3. Design and deploy SPC for measurement control.
- 4. Select and establish standards.
- 5. Describe proper methods for instrument calibration and compensation.
- 6. Conduct gage capability for inspection activities.
- 7. Discuss how MSA impacts customer satisfaction.

# Detailed Course Outline:

#### Section I Introduction to MSA

MSA is a key to systematic product development Background statistical principles Sources of error Focus on the measurement process

# Section II Terms and Definitions

Repeatability Reproducibility Accuracy Linearity Stability

# Section III R&R, Linearity, & Accuracy

2 factor crossed design for Variables MSA Repeatability & Reproducibility R&R and Capability Example Accuracy example Linearity example

#### Section IV Correlation, Calibration and Compensation

Correlation and compensation Soft compensation versus standard calibration Scatterplot Method Problems with r<sup>2</sup>

#### Section V SPC for Measurement Control

Selection and utilization of Standards SPC for Measurement Control SPC using stable standards SPC using unstable standards

# Section VI MSA for Attributes

Operational Definitions Effectiveness, P(miss), P(false alarm) Kappa, escape rate and bias



# **Reliability Analysis**

# RA

### **Course Description**

Reliability Analysis is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Areas of focus include: distribution analysis, area under the curve estimation, hypothesis testing, life and survival estimation, thermal sensitivity, confidence intervals and multiple factor modeling. Presentation of the course material is designed for 8 hours of instruction.

#### Attendees

Reliability Analysis is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

### Prerequisites

Engineering Statistics and Data Analysis is a recommended prerequisite for this course.

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Determine product reliability performance.
- 2. Understand and apply non-parametric reliability analysis.
- 3. Understand and apply parametric reliability analysis.
- 4. Perform multivariate reliability assessment.
- 5. Understand and apply recurrence analysis.
- 6. Use Arrhenius transformations in reliability modeling.
- 7. Select appropriate sample sizes for MTBF studies.
- 8. Model reliability improvement using reliability growth models.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

Introduction to reliability analysis and basic statistics Nonparametric reliability analysis (Kaplan-Meier) Parametric reliability analysis (LogNormal, Exponential, Weibull) Competing Causes Lifetime distribution analysis Fit Life by X Multivariate reliability analysis (Parametric Survival) Recurrence analysis MTBF analysis Reliability growth analysis



# Process Control Design using SPC

# PCD-SPC

#### **Course Description**

This course is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Course covers the basic concepts and methodologies associated with designing closed loop process controls using statistical process control for variables and attributes data. Variation assessment, subgroup formation, sample size selection, SPC control chart selection, out of control action plan generation are presented along with measures of process capability. The course requires 16 hours of instruction.

#### Attendees

This course is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

#### Prerequisites

ESDA and DOE are recommended courses prior to taking PCD-SPC.

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the language and compute the basic statistics associated with SPC.
- 2. Apply the ten process control requirements to achieve process control.
- 3. Determine rational subgroup formation, sample size and frequency.
- 4. Select appropriate control chart for process control requirements.
- 5. Compute appropriate control limits.
- 6. Develop appropriate SPC Charts and associated OCAPs.
- 7. Determine process capability.
- 8. Describe the roles and responsibilities for using SPC.
- Use JMP to analyze process variation patterns, generate SPC charts and determine process capability.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

#### Section I Introduction and Basic Statistics

SPC a basis for control Basic statistics Normal distribution Standard error of the mean Central limit theorem

# Section II Ten Requirements for Designing Effective Process Control

- 1. Clear product specifications
- 2. Effective metrology
- 3. Process characterization
- 4. Sampling plan
- 5. Control chart selection (variables and attributes)
- 6. Alarms, closing the loop and out-of-control action plans (OCAP)
- 7. Process documentation
- 8. Operator and engineering training
- 9. Database
- 10. Routine line audits

# Section III Process Capability

Determining process stability prior to computation of capability Cp and Cpk Sigma and z as measures of process capability Tests for normality Distribution fitting for nonnormal parameters

# Section IV Process Control Implementation Roles and Responsibilities

Management Process engineer Process control specialist Supervisor Operator



# **Quality Risk Management and FMEA**

# QRM-FMEA

# **Course Description**

This course is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of those individuals working within a variety of industries. Areas of instruction cover the topics associated with risk management including risk management definitions, risk management process and risk assessment tools including Failure Modes and Effects Analysis. The course requires 8 hours of instruction.

## Attendees

This course is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to characterize, optimize and improve product and process performance.

### Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for this course.

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the definitions, process and tools associated with Quality Risk Management.
- 2. Identify potential design, process or test issues associated with product and performance risk.
- 3. Understand the tools and methods for risk assessment and prioritization.
- 4. Understand the various types of FMEAs.
- 5. Apply the basic steps for FMEA generation.
- 6. Know when and how to apply FMEA to product and process development.
- 7. Prioritize and manage risk reduction opportunities from FMEA results.

### **Detailed Course Outline**

#### Section I Quality Risk Management Principles and Process

Risk management principles Risk management process Responsibilities Risk assessment Risk control Risk communication Risk review

# Section II Risk Analysis Tools

Basic quality tools and risk weighted analysis Cause and effect diagrams Process flow and risk assessment Pareto and Risk Weighted Pareto analysis Histograms, capability, simulation and Margin Control charts Regression DOE (product and process) and MSA

# Section III Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

Application areas for FMEA FMEA preparation FMEA generation workshop

# Section IV Methods for Reducing Risk

FMEA action plans and risk reduction



# **Root Cause Analysis and Problem Solving**

# BDPS

#### **Course Description**

This course is specifically designed to meet the analytical needs of people working within a variety of industries. This course is designed for those individuals working directly on product and process development and corrective / preventative action. It is assumed they come from a variety of backgrounds and disciplines and will be working on a variety of process improvement areas across the company. The course is designed for 16 hours of presentation.

#### Attendees

This course is required for all scientists, engineers and quality professionals who actively work on all aspects of discovery, product and process development where the goal is to understand the root cause of performance problems and implement appropriate CAPA procedures to assure the problem never occurs again.

#### Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for this course.

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Identify a problem that requires action.
- 2. Define a problem in measurable terms.
- 3. Contain the problem while developing a durable solution.
- 4. Measure core performance and establish metrics.
- 5. Collect and analyze data relevant to the problem of interest.
- 6. Analyze the system of causes and determine root cause.
- 7. Plan and implement corrective and preventative relevant to the root cause of the problem.
- 8. Evaluate the effectiveness of the solutions.
- 9. Establish controls to sustain solutions.
- 10. Use Excel or JMP for basic statistics and data analysis.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

Section I Introduction to root cause analysis

Need for improvement Savings associated with root cause analysis Eight+ basic quality tools

#### Section II Define and contain the problem

Define the problem Contain the problem Determine scope, objectives and goals Project leadership and planning

#### Section III Measure the problem

Map the process Determine data collection plan Establish metrics and capability

# Section IV Analyze data and determine root cause

Analyze and summarize the data Analyze and summarize the process map Determine root causes and summarize all findings

## Section V Improve performance

Brainstorming solutions and CAPA Benefit, cost, risk and complexity determination Measuring solution effectiveness

# Section VI Control and standardize improvements

Process owner Select controls

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# **Business Statistics and Data Analysis**

#### BSDA

# **Course Description**

This course is for all Marketing, Sales, HR, Business Analysts and Managers who routinely analyze data for business application. Areas of focus are foundation statistics, distribution analysis, capability assessment, graphing, comparison tests and sample size selection. This course is designed for 16 hours of presentation.

## Attendees

This course is required for all Marketing, Sales, HR, Business Analysts and Managers who routinely analyze data for business application.

#### Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for this course.

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the ideas associated with sampling and data collection.
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to evaluate distributions.
- 3. Select appropriate sample sizes for performance evaluation.
- 4. Conduct comparative tests using data.
- 5. Use regression techniques in order to analyze the results and make performance improvements.
- 6. Select an appropriate analysis technique based on the type of data.

#### **Detailed Course Outline**

Section I Introduction to JMP

Table commands Column commands Row commands Subset, Stack and Join commands Saving data and graphs

# Section II Statistics Foundations & Distribution Analysis

Measures of center and spread Standard error and central limit theorem Normal distribution, t distribution and confidence intervals Test for normality

Process capability normal and non-normal distribution fitting Trend Analysis

# Section III Nominal X, Continuous Y

Sample size for the mean t test – one sample, two sample and paired Test for differences in variances One-way ANOVA Customer Satisfaction and Nonparametric data analysis

# Section IV Continuous X, Continuous Y

Simple linear regression, correlation

## Section V Nominal X, Nominal Y

Test for proportion data Chi-square test for defects and proportion defective Pareto graphs and analysis

# Section VI Continuous X, Nominal Y

Logistic regression

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# Advanced Business Statistics and Data Analysis

# ABSDA

#### **Course Description**

This course is for all Marketing, Sales, HR, Business Analysts and Managers who routinely analyze data for business application. Areas of focus are analysis of data for business planning, forecasting, data mining, variation analysis and multiple factor modeling. This course is designed for 16 hours of presentation.

#### Attendees

This course is required for all Marketing, Sales, HR, Business Analysts and Managers who routinely analyze data for business application.

### Prerequisites

**Business Statistics and Data Analysis** 

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Use data to solve business and transactional problems.
- 2. Select appropriate analysis technique based on type of data.
- 3. Analyze complex multifactor data sets.
- 4. Estimate the effect size from the data relative to the business case of interest
- 5. Generate prediction equations to predict business behavior based on critical inputs.
- 6. Use multiple regression techniques in order to analyze data and make business process improvements.

# **Detailed Course Outline**

Section I Advanced Graphs

Advanced Pareto Plots Confidence Intervals and Tests Stacked Bar Graphs Graph Builder Section II Variation Analysis

EMS and REML POV Analysis

MSA for Attributes

#### Section III Data Mining

Recursive Partitioning Section IV Time Series and Forecasting UWMA and EWMA Seasonal ARIMA Learning Curves Nonlinear Regression Section V Multiple Factor Analysis N-way ANOVA Multiple Regression ANCOVA Please contact Thomas A. Little Consulting for quotation of training and consulting services.

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12401 North Wildflower Lane Highland, UT 84003 1-925-285-1847 drlittle@dr-tom.com Website: www.dr-tom.com